

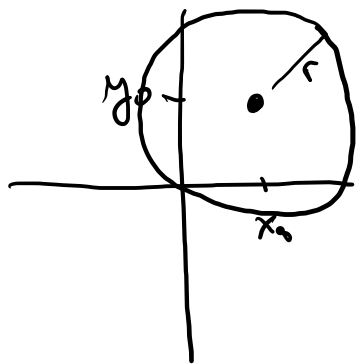
PARAMETRIZACIÓN DE CIRCUNFERENCIA Y ELIPSE

En circunferencias

$$(x-x_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2 = r^2$$

x, y son variables

$x_0, y_0, r > 0 \in \mathbb{R}$ son fijas



$$\left(\frac{x-x_0}{r}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-y_0}{r}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{x-x_0}{r}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-y_0}{r}\right)^2 = 1$$

Recordo $\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta) = 1$

considero

$$\cos(t) = \frac{x-x_0}{r} \rightsquigarrow r \cos(t) + x_0 = x$$

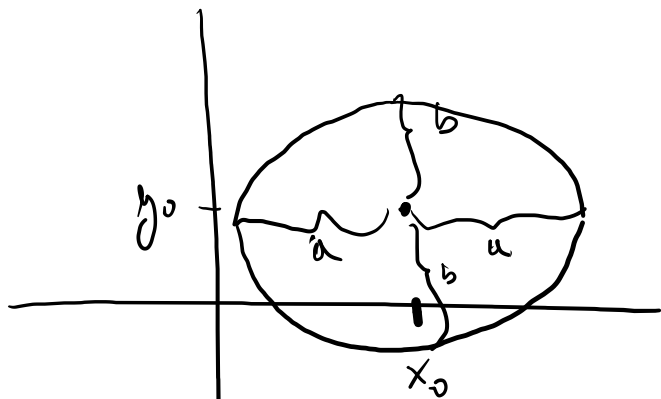
$$\sin(t) = \frac{y-y_0}{r} \rightsquigarrow r \sin(t) + y_0 = y$$

$$\sigma(t) = (x(t), y(t))$$

$$\sigma(t) = (r \cos(t) + x_0, r \sin(t) + y_0), t \in [0, 2\pi)$$

Ec. Elipse

$$\left(\frac{x-x_0}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-y_0}{b}\right)^2 = 1$$



$$C = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : 4(x-1)^2 + 9y^2 = 25\}$$

$$4(x-1)^2 + 9y^2 = 25 \quad (\Leftrightarrow) \quad 2^2(x-1)^2 + 3^2y^2 = 5^2 \quad (\Leftrightarrow) \quad \frac{2^2(x-1)^2}{5^2} + \frac{3^2y^2}{5^2} = 1$$

Reverso

$$\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta) = 1$$

considero

$$\cos(t) = \frac{x-x_0}{a} \rightsquigarrow a \cos(t) + x_0 = x$$

$$\sin(t) = \frac{y-y_0}{b} \rightsquigarrow b \sin(t) + y_0 = y$$

$$\sigma(t) = (x(t), y(t))$$

$$\sigma(t) = (a \cos(t) + x_0, b \sin(t) + y_0), \quad t \in [0, 2\pi)$$

$$\frac{2^2(x-1)^2}{5^2} + \frac{3^2 y^2}{5^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{\frac{5^2}{2^2}} + \frac{y^2}{\frac{5^2}{3^2}} = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{x-1}{\frac{5}{2} a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{\frac{5}{3} b} \right)^2 = 1$$

ec. elipse

Parametrización de una elipse

$$\sigma(t) = (a \cos(t) + x_0, b \sin(t) + y_0)$$

$$\sigma(t) = \left(\frac{5}{2} \cos(t) + 1, \frac{5}{3} \sin(t) \right), t \in [0, 2\pi)$$